

Württembergische Landesbibliothek, Stuttgart, MS Mus. f. I 3 [Stuttgart, 1562] (D-Stuttg)
 Berg (Montanus) & Neuber, *Thesaurus musicus ... tomi primi (8vv)* [Nürnberg, 1564] (RISM 1564/1)
 Phalèse, *Opus sacrarum cantionum ... Thomæ Criquillon ... (4–6 & 8vv)* [Leuven, 1576] (RISM C4410)

SUPERIUS PRIMUS

SUPERIUS SECUNDUS

CONTRATENOR PRIMUS

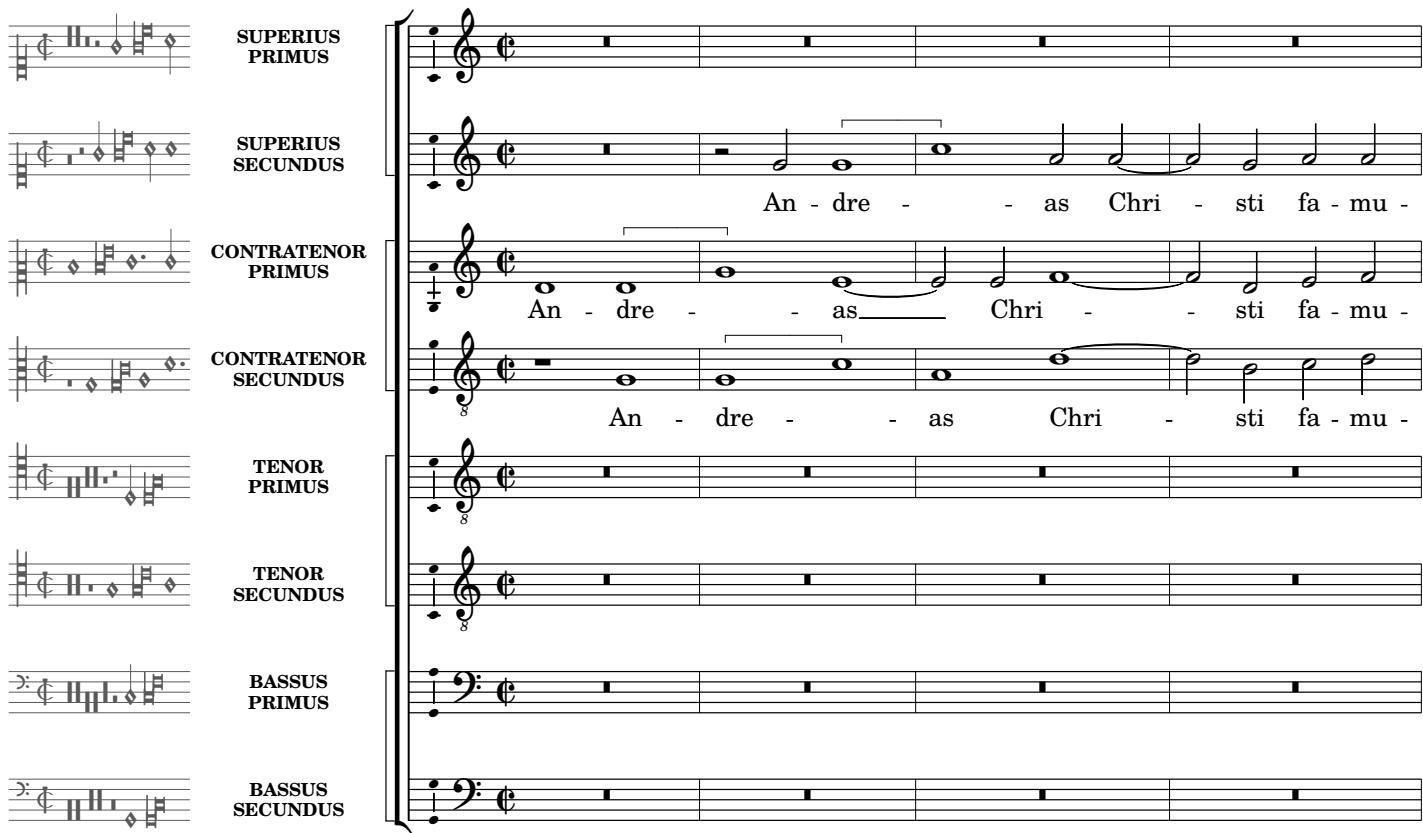
CONTRATENOR SECUNDUS

TENOR PRIMUS

TENOR SECUNDUS

BASSUS PRIMUS

BASSUS SECUNDUS



5

An - dre - - as Chri - sti fa - mu -

lus, Chri - - sti fa - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa -

lus, An - dre - as Chri - sti fa -

lus, An - dre - - as Chri - sti fa - mu -

An -

An - dre - - as Chri - - sti fa - mu - lus,



10

lus, An - dre - - as Chri - sti fa - - mu - ,
- mu - lus, fa - mu - lus, fa - - mu-lus, An -
mu - - lus, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - dre - -
lus, An - dre - as Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - lus,
An - dre - - as Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - lus,
An - - - as, An - dre - - as, An - - - as,
An - - - as, An - - - as, An - - - as, An - - - as, An - - - as,

An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as,
An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as,
An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as,
An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as,
An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as.

15

lus, Chri - sti fa - - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - - ,
dre - - - as, An - dre - - - as, An - - - as, An - - - as, Chri -
- as, Chri - sti fa - - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - - ,
sti fa - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - - ,
as, An - dre - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as, Chri -
- as, Chri - - - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, An - - - as, An - - - as.

20

mu - lus, di - gnus De -
Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, fa - mu - lus, di -
- sti fa - mu - lus, fa - mu - lus, di -
- mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, di - gnus
Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, di - gnus
Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, di - gnus
Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, Chri - sti fa - mu - lus, di - gnus

25

- o_____ A - po - sto - lus,
di - gnus De - o A - po - sto -
gnus De - o A - po - sto - lus, A - po - sto - lus,
di - gnus De - o, di - gnus De -
De - o A - po - sto - lus, di - gnus De -
di - gnus De - o A - po - sto -

30

di - - - gnus De - o A - po - sto - lus, A - po -
lus, di - gnus De - o A - po - sto - lus,
di - gnus De - o, di - gnus De - o
A - po - sto - lus, A - po - sto - lus,
gnus De - - - o A - po - sto - lus, di - gnus De - o A -
- gnus De - - o A - po - sto - lus,
o A - po - sto - lus, A - po - - sto - lus,
lus, di - gnus_ De - o A - po - sto - lus,

35

sto - lus, di - gnus De - o A -
di - gnus De - o A - po - - sto - lus,
A - po - sto - lus, A - po - sto - lus, A -
A - po - sto - lus, di - gnus De - o A -
po - sto - lus, di - gnus De - o A -
di - gnus De - o A - (po - sto - lus, A) - po -
di - gnus De - o A - po -
di - gnus De - o A - po -

[†] *Superius Secundus*, m.30.2–32.2: as per RISM 1564/1 and RISM C4410 (D–Stuttg substantially variant).

40

- po - sto - lus,
— ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus Pe -
po - sto - - lus, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri,
ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus Pe -
po - sto - - lus, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri,
- sto - - lus, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, ger - ma -
sto - - lus, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, ger - ma -
sto - - lus, ger - ma - nus Pe -

45

ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus Pe -
tri, Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri,
ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri,
tri, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, (Pe -
ger - ma - nus Pe - tri, Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus
tri, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri,
nus Pe - tri, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri,
tri, ger - ma - nus Pe -

50

tri, ger - ma - nus Pe - tri
ger - ma - nus Pe - tri
Pe - tri, et in pas - si - o - ne so -
tri,) ger - ma - nus Pe - tri
Pe - tri, (Pe - tri,) et in pas - si - o - ne so -
ger - ma - nus Pe - tri
ger - ma - nus Pe - tri
et in pas - si - o - ne so -
tri et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci -

55

et in pas - si - o - ne so - - ci - us,
et in pas - si - o - ne so - - ci - us,
ci - us, in pas - si -
et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us, so - ci - us,
ci - us, et in pas -
et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us, in pas - si - o - ne so -
ci - us, in pas -
us, et in pas -

[†] *Contratenor Primus*, m.51.2–52.4: as per D–Stuttg and RISM C4410 (RISM 1564/1 substantially variant).

61

et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us, et in pas - si -
 in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us, et
 o - ne so - ci - us, so - ci - us, et in
 in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us, et in
 si - o - ne so - ci - us, et in pas - si - o - ne,
 ci - us, et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us.
 - si - o - ne so - ci - us, et in pas - si - o - ne, et in
 si - o - ne so - ci - us, et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us, et in

66

o - ne so - ci - us, so - ci - us, so - ci - us.
 - in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us.
 pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us.
 pas - si - o - ne, pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us.
 et in pas - si - o - ne, et in pas - si - o - ne so - ci - us.
 - ne, (pas - si - o - ne) so - ci - us.
 pas - si - o - ne, (pas - si - o - ne) so - ci - us.

† *Contratenor Primus*, m.64.2: a tone higher in D-Stuttg.

†† *Tenor Primus*, m.64.4: a tone higher in RISM 1564/1.

* *Tenor Primus*, m.66.3: a semitone higher in D-Stuttg.

** *Bassus Secundus*, m.68.4: as per D-Stuttg and RISM C4410 (a semitone higher in RISM 1564/1).

SECUNDA PARS

71

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi -

76

mi - nus, di -

nus, di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus,

mi - nus, (di - le - xit,) An - dre - am Do - mi - nus,

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, (Do -

Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus,

81

le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, di - le -
mi - nus, _____ An - dre - am
di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____
di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____
di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____
di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____
di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____
An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____ di - le - xit An -
Di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____ An -

86

xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - mi - nus,
Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, _____ (Do -
An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An - dre - am
nus, Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An - dre - am
Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, An -
An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An -
An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An -

91

di - le - xit An - - dre - am Do - - mi - nus in
- - mi - nus,) An - dre - am Do - -
xit An - dre - am, An - - dre - am Do - mi - nus,
Do - mi - nus in o - do - rem su -
dre - am Do - mi - nus, di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus, An - - dre - am Do - mi -
nus, An - - dre - am Do - mi - nus,
di - le - xit An - dre - am Do - mi - nus
dre - am Do - mi - nus, Do - - - mi - nus, in o - do -

96

o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis, in o - do - rem su -
mi - nus, in o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis,
in o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis, su - a - vi - ta - tis,
a - vi - ta - tis, in o - do -
nus, in o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis, su - a - vi - ta - tis.
An - dre - am in
rem su - a - vi - ta - tis, in o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis.

[†] *Superius Secundus*, m.95.2: as per D-Stuttg and RISM 1564/1 (a fourth lower in RISM C4410).

102

The musical score consists of eight staves, each representing a different voice part. The voices are labeled as follows: Voice 1 (Soprano), Voice 2 (Alto), Voice 3 (Tenor), Voice 4 (Bass), Voice 5 (Contratenor Secundus), Voice 6 (Contratenor Primus), Voice 7 (Tenor Bassus), and Voice 8 (Bassus). The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are in Latin, with some words in italics indicating different declensions. The vocal parts are mostly homophony, though there are some harmonic variations and melodic lines.

- avi - ta - tis, su - a - vi - ta - - tis. San -
in o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis. San - cte An - dre -
su - a - vi - ta - tis. San - cte An - dre -
rem su - a - vi - ta - tis, su - a - vi - ta - tis.
San - cte An -
Do - mi-nus, in o - do-rem, in o - do-rem su - a - vi - ta - tis.
o - do - rem su - a - vi - ta - tis, su - a - vi - ta - - tis.

108

The continuation of the musical score shows the same eight voices. The lyrics are primarily 'Sancte Andre - a,' with some variations like '(San - cte Andre - a,)' and 'An - dre - a,' appearing in parentheses. The vocal parts continue in a homophony style, with occasional harmonic changes and melodic variations.

San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre -
a, San - cte Andre - a, An - dre - a, An - dre - a,
a, San - cte Andre - a, (San - cte Andre - a,)
San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre - a,
San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre - a,
San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre - a, An - dre -
San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre -
San - cte Andre - a, San - cte Andre - a,

† *Contratenor Secundus*, m.102.1: a tone higher in D-Stuttg.

114

a, ora pro nobis, ora pro
ora pro nobis, ora pro

120

no bis, ora pro nobis, ora pro
no bis, ora pro nobis, ora pro

† Tenor Secundus, m.114.4: a semitone higher in RISM C4410.

126

- ra pro no - - bis, o - ra pro no - - bis.
bis. A - men, A - - men.
o - - ra pro no - bis. A - men.
- - bis, o - ra pro no - bis. A - men.
bis, o - ra pro no - - bis. A - - men.
† pro no - - bis.
ra pro no - bis, o - - ra pro no - bis.
bis, o - ra pro no - - bis, pro no - bis.

Andréas Christi fámulus,
dignus Deo Apóstolus,
germánus Petri et in passióne sócius.

Diléxit Andréam Dóminus in odórem suavitatis.
Sancte Andréa, ora pro nobis. Amen.

Andrew [was a] servant of Christ,
a worthy Apostle of God,
brother of Peter and companion in his suffering.

The Lord loved Andrew as [he would] a sweet aroma.
Saint Andrew, pray for us. Amen.

(Third Antiphon at the Office of Lauds and Alleluia Verse at Mass for the Feast of St Andrew the Apostle)

Relatively little is known of Thomas Crecquillon — an almost-exact contemporary of Pierre de Manchicourt and Jacobus Clemens non Papa — outside of his service as court composer to Charles V in Brussels throughout the 1540s, the first half of which was spent as *maestro di capella*. He was nonetheless a prolific composer, leaving behind sixteen masses, more than a hundred motets and nearly two hundred chansons. Only two of his motets were written for eight parts, and both suffered the indignity of misattribution: his *Pater peccavi* was, until recent times, believed to have been written by Clemens, and this work was long held to have been composed by Cristóbal de Morales (who had composed a five-part setting of the same opening text). Both motets are now confidently attributed to Crecquillon. This setting of liturgical texts for the Feast of St Andrew the Apostle is believed to have been composed for the 1546 meeting in Utrecht of the Order of the Golden Fleece, of which St Andrew was the patron saint. The meeting was likely attended by the rulers of England, France and Spain: such a royal occasion demanded suitably grand music.

Editorial Notes:

Crecquillon's motet survives intact in posthumous sources only. The earliest surviving source (a handcopied choirbook prepared for the Court of Christoph, Duke of Württemberg) and both printed sources were consulted in preparing this edition. The sources exhibit typical minor variations in rhythm and word underlay that have been selectively adopted without acknowledgement — only significant disagreements are noted throughout. Most notably, each source presents different text in the latter section of the *secunda pars*: this edition is based that used in RISM C4410. D-Stuttg sets the words 'Sanctus Andreas gaudet in caelis' ('Saint Andrew rejoices in heaven'); RISM 1564/1 employs that same text in the *Tenor Primus* only, while the other voices sing 'O Jesu Christe, Fili Dei, ora pro nobis' ('O Jesus Christ, Son of God, pray for us').

This edition is set at the original notated pitch. Each pair of voices has a similar vocal range, with the exception of the *Contratenor* parts that (as indicated) are notated in different clefs in the original. Editorial accidentals are indicated above the note. Original note values are retained: thus, consistent with 16th-century convention, the C mensuration sign and its modern-equivalent C time signature signify a semibreve tactus. Bar lines are added only to aid reading and direction: 'strong' and 'weak' beats implied by their position should never take precedence over phrasing or word stress. Ligatures and coloration in the source are acknowledged with overarching square brackets and open 'corner' brackets respectively. Word underlay is adapted from all three sources, with unacknowledged minor adjustments. Re-iterated text implied by an 'ij' marking or incomplete phrase in the original is indicated in *italic*; editorial re-iteration appears in (brackets).

† *Tenor Secundus*, m.126.1: a semibreve in RISM C4410.