

12

- la ma - tu - ti - na Cae - lo

- la ma - tu - ti - na Cae -

la ma - tu - ti - na

16

mi - cans cla - ri

- lo mi - cans cla

Cae - lo mi - cans cla

20

- ri

- ri

24

or.

or.

or.

28

In qua de - cus ca - sti - ta - - - tis

In qua de - cus ca - sti - ta - - - tis Et

qua de - cus ca - sti - ta - - - tis Et laus i -

32

Et laus i - psa pro - bi - ta - - - tis Flo - - - ret sem - per

laus i - psa pro - bi - ta - - - tis Flo - ret sem - per gra - ti - - -

- psa pro - bi - ta - - - tis Flo - ret sem - per gra - ti - - -

36

gra - - - ti - - -

40

- - - - -

44

In

In

or.

or.

or. In

48

te nul - la sor - dis la -

te nul - la sor - dis la - bes, Cun -

In te nul - la sor -

In te nul - la sor - dis la -

te nul - la sor -

52

- bes, Cun - cta sed vir - tu -

- cta sed vir - tu -

- dis la - bes, Cun-cta

- bes, Cun - cta sed vir - tu -

- dis la - bes, Cun - cta sed vir -

56

- tis ha - - - - -

- - - - - tis [ha - - - - - bes]

sed vir - tu - tis ha - - - - - bes U -

- tis ha - - - - - bes

- tu - tis ha - - - - -

60

- bes U - na - - - - - ve - - - - -

U - na ve - - - - - re mu - ne - - - - -

- na ve - - - - - re mu - - - - - ne - - - - -

U - - - - - na ve - - - - - re mu - ne -

- bes U - - - - - na ve -

64

- re mu - ne - - - - -

- - - - -

- - - - -

- ra;

- - - - - re mu - ne -

68

ra;
ra; Nam - que De - um pe - pe - ri -
ra; Nam - que De -
pe - pe - ri -
ra;

72

Nam - que De - um pe - pe - ri - sti Et -
sti Et post par - tum
um pe - pe - ri - sti Et post -
sti Et post par - tum
De - um pe - pe - ri - sti Et -

76

post par - tum
per - man - si - sti Vir - go pa - rens -
par - tum per - man - si -
per - man - si - sti Vir - go pa -
post par - tum per - man - si - sti -

80

per - man - si - sti Vir - go
 in - te -
 - sti Vir - go pa - rens in - te -
 rens in - te -
 Vir - go pa - rens in - te -

84

pa - rens in - te - gra. Haec est
 gra. Haec
 gra. Haec est il - la quae
 te - gra.
 gra.

88

il - la quae cal - ca -
 vit Et
 cal - ca - vit Et ser - pen -

102

- - pans. Haec est il - la quae
 - pans. Haec est il - la quae me - de -
 - pans. Haec est il - - - -
 Haec est il - - -
 - pans. Haec est il - la quae me -

106

me - de - - - - lam Ae - gris prae -
 - - - - lam Ae - gris prae -
 - la quae me - de - - - - lam Ae - gris prae -
 - la
 - de - - - - lam

110

- - - - - stat et
 - - - - - stat et tu - te -
 - - - - - stat et tu -
 et tu -
 Ae - gris prae - stat

113

— tu - te - lam Ho - stem con - tra

- lam Ho - stem con - tra

- te - lam Ho - stem con - tra

- te - lam Ho - stem

— et tu - te - lam Ho - stem con - tra

117

- tra di - mi - mi - mi - mi - mi

di - mi - mi - mi - mi - mi

di - mi - mi - mi - mi - mi

con - tra di - mi - mi - mi - mi

- tra di - mi - mi - mi - mi - mi

121

- - - - - cans.

- - - - - cans.

- - - - - cans.

- - - - - cans.

- - - - - cans.

124

Gau - de ma - - - ter in de - co - - -

Gau - - - de ma - ter in de -

Gau - - - de ma - ter in de - co -

128

- re Quam nec vin - - - - - cit

- co - - - - - re Quam nec vin -

- re Quam nec vin - cit in ho -

131

in ho - no - - - - re

- cit in ho - no - - - - re Di - gni - tas

- no - - - - - re Di - gni - - -

134

Di - gni - tas an - - - - ge -

an - ge - - - - li - - - -

- tas an - ge - li - - - -

137

li

140

ca; Nam re - gi -

143

na scep - trum te - nes

Nam re - gi - na scep -

ca; Nam re - gi - na

146

At - que re -

- trum te - nes

scep - trum te - nes

149

- gem iux - ta - - - se - - - - - des

At - que re - gem iux - ta se - des In -

At - - - que re - gem iux - ta se - des

152

In cae - le - - - - -

cae - le - - - - - sti pa - tri - - -

In cae - le - sti pa - tri - - -

155

- sti pa - tri - - - - -

- - - - -

- - - - -

158

- - - - - a,

- - - - - a,

- - - - - a,

Cu -

Cu -

Cu -

161

ius ca - put co - ro - na

ius ca - put co - ro - na

ius ca - put co - ro - na

164

tum

tum Au - ro gem

tum Au - ro gem

167

Au - ro gem - mis et or - na - tum Mix

- mis et or - na - tum Mix

- mis et or - na - tum Mix to ful

170

to ful - get si - di

to ful - get si - di

- get si - di

173

- re; Te nec ces - sat an - ge - lo - rum Tur -

- re; Te nec ces - sat an - ge - lo - rum

- re; Te nec ces - sat an - ge - lo -

177

- ba cho - rus - que san - cto - rum Lau - di - bus ex -

Tur - ba cho - rus - que san - cto - rum Lau - di -

- rum Tur - ba cho - rus - que san - cto - rum Lau - di - bus

180

- tol - le -

- bus ex - tol - le -

ex - tol - le - re.

182

- - - - -

- - - - -

- - - - -

184

186

O quam ma -

O quam

re. O quam

O

189

- trem De - o di -

ma - - - trem De - o di -

ma - - - - - trem De - - - - o di -

O quam

quam ma - trem De -

201

- se - - - ris;

- se - - - ris, mi - se -

- se - - -

- que

mi - - - se - - -

204

Quic - - - quid ve - - - lit

ris; Quic - - - quid ve -

- - - ris; Quic - - - quid

Quic - - - quid ve -

- ris; Quic - - - quid ve - lit

207

mens gra - va - - - ta Post -

- - - lit mens gra - - - va - ta Post -

ve - - - lit mens gra - va -

- lit mens gra - - -

mens gra - - - va -

210

- - - - - quam se - mel - - - - - es - - - - -
 - - - - - quam - - - - - se - - - - - mel
 - - - - - ta Post - - - - - quam - - - - - se - - - - -
 - - - - - va - - - - - ta Post - - - - -
 - - - - - ta Post - - - - - quam - - - - - se - - - - -

213

vo - - - - - ca - - - - -
 es vo - - - - - ca - - - - -
 - mel es - - - - - vo - - - - - ca - - - - -
 - quam
 - mel

216

- - - - - ta - - - - -
 - - - - - ta Prae - - - - -
 - - - - - ta - - - - -
 - - - - - ta Prae - - - - -
 Prae - - - - -

219

Prae - stas nec nos de - se - - - - -
 - stas nec nos de - se - - - - -
 Prae - stas nec nos de - se - - - - -
 - stas nec de - se - - - - - ris.
 - stas nec nos de - se - - - - - ris.

222

- - - - - ris.
 - - - - - ris.
 - - - - - ris. Er - go pre - cor hic o - ran - - - - -
 Er - - - - - go pre - cor hic o - ran - - - - -
 Er - - - - - go pre - - - - - cor hic - - - - -

225

- - - - - tes
 - - - - - tes

228

Tu - as lau - des et can -

Tu - as lau - des et can - tan -

- tes Tu - as lau - des

231

- tan

et can - tan - tes

234

- tes Chri - sto re - con -

- tes Chri - sto re - con -

Chri - sto re - con - ci - li -

237

- ci - li -

- ci -

240

Musical score for measures 240-242. The system consists of three staves. The top staff is in treble clef, the middle in alto clef, and the bottom in bass clef. The key signature has two flats. Measure 240 features a melodic line in the top staff with a slur and a flat. Measure 241 continues the melody. Measure 242 includes a vocal line with the syllable "li" and a piano accompaniment with triplets and a fermata.

243

Musical score for measures 243-244. The system consists of three staves. Measure 243 shows a melodic line in the top staff. Measure 244 features a piano accompaniment with triplets and a fermata.

245

Musical score for measures 245-246. The system consists of three staves. Measure 245 features a melodic line in the top staff. Measure 246 includes a piano accompaniment with triplets and a fermata.

247

Musical score for measures 247-249. The system consists of five staves. Measure 247 features a melodic line in the top staff with a slur and a fermata. Measure 248 includes a piano accompaniment with triplets and a fermata. Measure 249 features a vocal line with the syllable "a," and a piano accompaniment with a fermata. The system concludes with the words "Et da" in the bottom two staves.

250

Et da cae - los re - se - ra - - -
 cae - los re - - - se - ra - - -
 da cae - los re - se - - -

253

Et da cae - los re - se - ra - ri - - -
 - - - ri - - -
 - - - ri Nos - que
 - ri Nos - - -
 - - - ra - - - ri Nos - que

256

Nos - que te - cum col - lo - ca - - -
 Nos - que te - cum col - lo - ca - - - ri -
 te - cum col - lo - ca - - -
 - que te - cum col - - - lo -
 te - cum col - lo - ca - - -

259

ri Per ae - ter - na sae -
 Per ae - ter - na sae - - - cu - la.
 - ri Per ae - ter - na sae -
 - ca - ri Per ae - ter - na sae - cu -
 - ri Per ae - ter - na sae - cu - la.

262

cu - la.
 A - - - - -
 cu - la.
 la. A - - - - -
 A - - - - -

264

A - - - - -

266

Musical score for measures 266-270. It consists of five staves: four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and one piano accompaniment staff. The music is in a key with one flat and a common time signature. The lyrics "A" are written under the vocal staves.

268

Musical score for measures 268-270. It consists of five staves: four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and one piano accompaniment staff. The music is in a key with one flat and a common time signature.

271

Musical score for measures 271-274. It consists of five staves: four vocal staves (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and one piano accompaniment staff. The music is in a key with one flat and a common time signature. The lyrics "A - men." are written under the vocal staves.

Translation

Rejoice, rose without a thorn, Virgin, morning star, shining more brightly than heaven, in whom the virtue of chastity and the glory of righteousness shine ever more pleasingly.

In you there is no blemish of uncleanness, but you alone truly possess all the gifts of virtue; for you have brought forth God and after the birth remained an untouched virgin parent.

This is she who trampled and overcame the serpent, dispelling the guilt of Eve. This is she who brings healing to the sick and a shield in her fight against the enemy.

Rejoice, O mother, in your beauty whose honour is not surpassed even by the grandeur of the angels; for you, O Queen, hold the sceptre and sit beside the King in the realm of heaven,

Whose head is crowned with gold and decked with jewels, so that the stars are confused by its radiance. Nor do the multitude of angels and the choir of saints cease to extol your praises.

O how worthy a mother of God do we proclaim you, and how generous you are to us wretches. Whatever the burdened mind desires, once called upon you grant it and do not desert us.

Therefore I beseech you, reconcile to Christ those praying here and singing your praises, and grant that the heavens be opened and that we be gathered together with you for all eternity.

Amen.

Editorial Conventions

The nomenclature of the voice parts follows the Tudor convention.

The prefatory staves show the original part name, clef, staff signature and first note of each part.

Mensuration symbols and proportion signs are shown on or above the staves.

The variable staff signatures of the source are preserved in the score. B naturals in staff signatures are editorial additions for clarity.

The beginning of each new staff in the source is signalled in the score by a pilcrow above the staff.

All source accidentals are retained in the score, whether or not redundant in modern usage, but are placed against the notes they affect. The original positions of pre-placed accidentals are recorded in the notes below.

Editorial accidentals are placed above the notes concerned and remain operative throughout the bar unless cancelled. The dotted accidental in the Mean at bar 96 is an editorial addition implied by the original staff signature.

Ligatures are indicated by the sign \lrcorner , coloration by the sign \ulcorner .

Underlay that is written in red ink in the source (and which may have been used to indicate passages sung by soloists) is represented in the score by italics. Underlay between square brackets is entirely editorial.

The cantus firmus in the Tenor sometimes has more than one syllable to a note. In such instances a suggested division of the notes is placed above the staff in small notation.

Source

Windsor, Eton College MS 178 (the 'Eton Choirbook', c.1500–c.1504), opening q.6 (f.82^v).

In contents table: Gaude rosa sine spina 5 *parcium* Fawkyner q.6.22
[indicating that the piece is to be found on opening q.6 and has an overall compass of 22 notes]

Header on f.83: ~ Fawkyner ~ .22. notes.

The Tenor cantus firmus has not been conclusively identified. A possible match has been suggested in the psalm antiphon for St Katherine, *Passionem gloriose virginis*, but there is also some similarity to *Monachus sub clerico*, the second psalm antiphon at Matins on the feast of the Translation of St Thomas and *A fructu fermenti*, the second psalm antiphon at Matins on the feast of Corpus Christi, both of which use the same melody.

Notes on the Readings of the Source

The part names on the prefatory staves are not given on the first opening. They appear in the left-hand margins on the second opening (starting at bar 124), where the two Treble parts are each labelled 'Semellū'. On the third opening (starting at bar 127) only the Countertenor voice is labelled.

Colored notes are red full for proportional passages, throughout the Bass part, and for the Treble D in bars 27–8. All other coloration is black void. All accidentals and staff signatures are in black ink, save only for the flat in bar 81, which is red.

Some minor editorial adjustments have been tacitly made to the underlay. The underlay was entered after the notation. The lettering is large compared to the tightly spaced notes and it is not uncommon for a single syllable to take the space of two notes. Precise alignment was not always possible and the singers must have made some adjustments. At bar 151 the second syllable of *sedes* in Tr2 has been displaced by the semibreve D below the

horizontal guide-lines between which rest of the text is written. Because the underlay here is dense, there was nowhere else to place it.. Two bars later, however, where there were no such constraints, the final syllable of *caelesti* appears under the A, because to have placed it under the D, where it most likely belongs, would have necessitated a similar vertical displacement.

In the notes below, each reference to a bar or group of bars is separated by an oblique stroke, references to different voices in the same bar by a semicolon, and multiple references to the same voice by a comma. The order within each entry is: 1) bar number(s); 2) voice(s); 3) reading of the source. Pitches are in capital letters, preceded by a number where necessary, e.g. ¹G = 1st note G in the bar.

Pre-placed Accidentals

35 B 60 Tr *b* is below E in 59 / 39 B *b* is before F / 41 Ct *♯* is before C / 48 M *b* is before ¹G; T *b* is above D in 47 / 52 B *b* is above ¹A / 59 Ct *♯* is above rest / 66 Ct *♯* is below E / 67 B *b* is before ²G in 66 / 81 Ct *b* is in red ink above F in 80 / 83 Tr *♯* is before A / 92 M *b* is before ²E in 91 / 94 M *♯* is above C in 93 / 95 Ct *b* is before C in 94 / 104 Ct *b* is before ²D / 107 Ct *♯* is before ²C / 113 Ct *b* is before A in 112 / 118 Tr *♯* is before ²E / 135 M *b* is below G in 134 / 141 M *♯* is before C / 146 M *♯* is above F / 147 M *b* is before C / 159 M *b* is before ²C in 158 / 160 M *b* is before ¹A / 163 T *b* is before D in 162 / 166 T *b* is above ²D in 165 / 167 Ct *b* is before ²C; B *b* is before G / 171 B *b* is before G / 176 Ct *b* is before ³A in 175 / 180 Ct *b* is before ²F in 170 / 181 B *b* is before G / 189 Ct *b* is before C / 197 M *♯* is above rest / 205 Tr *♯* is before D / 208 Tr *b* is before D / 219 M *b* is before D / 226 T *♯* is before ²G / 228 Tr *♯* is above E in 223 / 233 Ct *b* is below ligature in 232 / 242 Ct *b* is before rest in 241, *♯* is before ²G / 243 Ct *b* is before ¹A / 264 T *b* is before F / 268 Tr *♯* is above preceding ligature / 271 B *b* is before G / 272 B *♯* is before A /

Underlay

47 B *-or* appears deliberately placed below second note of ligature / 57 M *vir-* below D, (58) *-tu-* below C, (59) *-tis* ambiguously placed below ²DA (not in 52–57) / 69–70 M *Namque Deum* is red / 70–71 Ct *Namque Deum* is red / 72–75 Tr *Namque Deum peperitsi* is red / 105–108 M *medelam* is red / 106–109 Ct *quae medelam* is red / 219 M *vos for nos* / 266–end Tr M Ct B the extra A- syllables are given in the source /

Other Readings

27 Ct signum congruentiae at ³F / 73–77 T these notes are half-colored breves; the coloration symbols in the score indicate which half of the breve is colored / 78 M minim G omitted, semibreve G is dotted / 100 Ct signum congruentiae at ²A / 217 all parts MS C at start of new opening /